ALPHA-2 ADRENERGIC AGONISTS PROTOCOL

- I. Indications:
 - A. At least 1 of the following clinical indications is present and documented in the chart prior to treatment. Note that some indications are limited to specific alpha-2 adrenergic agonists:
 - 1. Hypertension (HTN)
 - 2. Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)
 - 3. Oppositional defiant disorder (ODD)
 - 4. Pervasive developmental disorders
 - 5. Motor tics
 - 6. Tourette's syndrome
 - 7. Opioid** and alcohol withdrawal
 - 8. Posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) (clonidine)
 - 9. Clozapine-induced hypersalivation (clonidine)
 - 10. Menopausal flushing (clonidine)
 - 11. Severe pain in cancer patients not adequately relieved by opioid analgesics alone (combination with opiates) (clonidine)
 - 12. Migraine headache prophylaxis (guanfacine)
 - 13. Mild-moderate agitation, schizophrenia- associated (dexmedetomidine SL)*
 - 14. Mild-moderate agitation, bipolar-associated (dexmedetomidine SL)*
 - 15. Recurring or persistent agitation, aggressive, self-injurious, stereotypic, or impulsive behaviors with evidence that a behavioral treatment, as part of a formal treatment program, was adequately implemented and found to be ineffective
 - *Dexmedetomidine is limited to prn use for agitation
 - **Lofexidine is typically limited to opiate withdrawal
- II. Contraindications:
 - A. Hypersensitivity to guanfacine, dexmedetomidine, lofexidine or clonidine or any component of their formulations

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- III. Precautions (risk/benefit analysis supports use):
 - A. Severe coronary insufficiency, recent myocardial infarction, cerebrovascular disease
 - B. Hypotension/bradycardia, heart block or syncope
 - C. Bradycardia
 - D. Concomitant use of sympatholytic medications or sedating medications
- IV. The following initial workup and follow-up evaluations should be completed:
 - A. There is informed consent or alternate legal authorization
 - B. Initial work up includes heartrate and blood pressure. ECG if known coronary artery disease
 - C. Monitoring
 - 1. Observation for excessive sedation following initiation or dose increase
 - At least weekly monitoring of pulse and blood pressure during titration or for at least one week after subsequent dose increases for guanfacine or clonidine
 - 3. Annual ECG

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Table 1. Alpha-2 agonist starting doses, titration rate, and maintenance doses.

MEDICATION	DOSE FORMS	INDICATION	MAXIMUM FOR INDICATION	USUAL STARTING DOSE FOR INDICATION AND TITRATION RATE
Guanfacine	1 mg 2 mg 3 mg	HTN	3 mg	IR 1 mg qhs, then increase by 1 mg after 3-4 weeks
Guanfacine ER	ER tab 1 mg 2 mg 3 mg 4 mg	ADHD	7 mg	 IR 1 mg daily, then increase to 1 mg BID after one week and by 1 mg/week ER 1 mg qd, then increase by 1 mg/week
		Agitation & Impulsivity	7 mg	IR 1 mg daily, then increase to 1 mg BID after one week and by 1 mg/week
				ER 1 mg qd, then increase by 1 mg/week
		Opioid withdrawal		3- 4 mg PO TID
		Migraine prophylaxis		1 mg daily
		Tourette's syndrome	4 mg/day divided BID- TID	• 0.5 mg BID
Clonidine IR	Clonidine IR 0.1 mg 0.2 mg 0.3 mg	HTN	IR 2.4 mg/day, divided ER 0.52 mg/day	IR 0.1 mg BID, then increase by 0.1 mg/day each week
Clonidine ER (Kapvay)	Clonidine ER (Kapvay) 0.1		Clonidine transdermal 0.6mg/24h qwk	ER 0.17 mg qhs, then titrate by 0.09 mg/day qwk
	mg			Transdermal patch 0.1 mg/24h qwk
		ADHD	IR 0.4 mg/day divided doses	IR 0.05 mg qhs, then increase by 0.05 mg/day each week

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Clonidine ER	Clonidine ER		ER 0.4 mg/day	
(Nexiclon)	(Nexiclon		Lix 0.4 ilig/day	ER 0.1 mg qday- bid,
(NOXIGIOIT)	XR)			divide doses bid if
	0.17 mg			>0.2 mg/day
	0.26 mg	Agitation &	IR 0.4 mg/day	IR 0.05 mg qhs, then
		Impulsivity	divided doses	increase by 0.05
				mg/day each week
			ER 0.4 mg/day	
			divided doses	• ER 0.1 mg qday- bid,
Clonidine	Clonidine			divide doses bid if
transdermal patch	transdermal	_		>0.2 mg/day
	0.1 mg/24h 0.2 mg/24h 0.3 mg/24 h	Opioid	2.0 mg/day	• 0.1 mg TID
		withdrawal	divided	
	0.5 mg/24 m	PTSD	IR 0.3 mg/day	• IR 0.1 mg qHS
			divided	
		Tics	IR 0.4 mg	• IR 0.02505 mg
		1103	divided	• bid-tid
		Tourette's		- Diu-liu
		Syndrome	ER 0.4 mg	ER 0.1 mg qday- bid
			divided	Ert of Fing quay bia
				clonidine transdermal
			Transdermal	0.1mg qwk, then
			0.6mg/24h qwk	increase dose q1-2
				wk
		Sialorrhea	IR 0.2 mg/day	IR 0.1 mg QHS, then
			divided	titrate up to 0.1 mg
				BID, then increase by
			ER 0.4 mg/day	0.1 mg/week
			divided	ED 0.4 was at /all as :
			Transdermal	ER 0.4 mg/day divided
			0.2 mg/24h qwk	uivided
			J.Z mg/Z+m qwk	Transdermal 0.1
				mg/24h qwk
		Menopaus	Transdermal	Transdermal 0.1
		al flushing	0.3	mg/24h/week
			mg/24h/week	Ĭ
Dexmedetomidine	120 mcg SL	Mild-	Mild-moderate	120 mcg mild-
SL	film	moderate	240 mcg total	moderate and
		agitation	daily dose	patients >65 y/o, 2 nd
	190 mag SI	Sovers	Cayana 200	or 3 rd dose 60 mcg, at
	180 mcg SL film	Severe agitation	Severe 360 mcg	least 2 hours apart
	111111	ayılalıdı	total daily dose	a 190 mag sayara and
				180 mcg severe, 2 nd or 3 rd dose 90 mcg, at
				least 2 hours apart
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		least 2 Hours apart

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Lofexidine	0.18 mg tablets	Opioid withdrawal	2.88 mg/day with no single dose >0.72 mg	•	0.18 mg QID, 5-6 hours between doses
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- A. With all the alpha 2 adrenergic medications, doses should be held if SBP <90 mmHg, DBP <60 mmHg, HR <60 beats/min, or postural decrease in SBP ≥ 20 mmHg or DBP ≥ 10 mmHg.
- B. Guanfacine IR and guanfacine ER have different pharmacokinetic characteristics with guanfacine ER C_{max} approximately 60% of guanfacine IR. Guanfacine ER should not be given with high fat meals as it increases mean exposure of guanfacine ER compared to fasted state.
- C. Clonidine IR and clonidine ER have different pharmacokinetic characteristics with clonidine ER C_{max} approximately 50% lower compared to clonidine IR.
- D. When switching from clonidine to clonidine transdermal patch, oral dose should be continued for 2 days after initial application.
- E. For opiate withdrawal, treatment is continued for the duration the patient experiences withdrawal symptoms (usually between 5-10 days), then tapered off slowly to avoid rebound hypertension.
- F. Alpha 2 adrenergic agonists should be tapered off after prolong use except for dexmedetomidine SL
- G. Dexmedetomidine SL administration can be sublingual (under tongue), patient should not eat or drink for 15 minutes or buccal (behind lower lip), patient should not eat one hour after buccal administration.

VI. Possible adverse reactions:

- A. Sedation (somnolence)
- B. Dizziness
- C. Fatique
- D. Irritability
- E. Weakness (asthenia)
- F. Dry mouth
- G. Constipation
- H. Hypotension
- I. Headache

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- J. Impotence
- K. For clonidine transdermal dermatological adverse reactions include erythema, pruritus, allergic contact sensitization, contact dermatitis, and other skin reactions

L. Rare adverse effects

1. Skin rash with exfoliation, syncope, bradycardia, palpitations, substernal pain, abdominal pain, diarrhea, dyspepsia, dysphagia, nausea, amnesia, confusion, depression, insomnia, libido decrease, rhinitis, taste perversion, tinnitus, conjunctivitis, iritis, vision disturbance, leg cramps, hypokinesia, dyspnea, dermatitis, pruritus, purpura, sweating, testicular disorder, urinary incontinence, malaise, paresthesia, paresis, and hallucinations

M. Rare serious effects

1. Acute renal failure, cardiac fibrillation, cerebrovascular accident, congestive heart failure, heart block, and myocardial infarction

VII. Dose is adjusted for special populations:

- A. Dexmedetomidine SL requires dose adjustments in patients with hepatic impairment
- B. Lofexidine requires dose adjustments in patients with hepatic and renal impairment

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